

Scenario 2+

Separate funding pool
for Commuter Rail

Recognizing the specific performance of commuter rail, a separate funding pool is created

- Based on share of commuter rail Passenger Miles Traveled, Revenue Vehicle Hours and Revenue Vehicle Miles relative to statewide totals
- Based on current statistics, commuter rail funding pool would equal 10.9% of total revenue available

	Percentages	Total Revenue	Commuter Rail Share
PMT	33%	\$30,198,544	\$8,284,370.56
RVH	33%	\$30,198,544	\$471,680.47
RVM	33%	\$30,198,544	\$1,097,007.01
Total	100%	\$90,595,632	\$9,853,058.04
Percentage Share			10.9%

- VRE allocation in FY19 was 11% of total revenue available
- Performance-adjustment factors would be applied to calculate VRE's final allocation

Remainder of funds distributed to all other agencies consistent with Scenario 2

- 33% Net Operating Cost
- 33% Ridership
- 33% Revenue Vehicle Miles

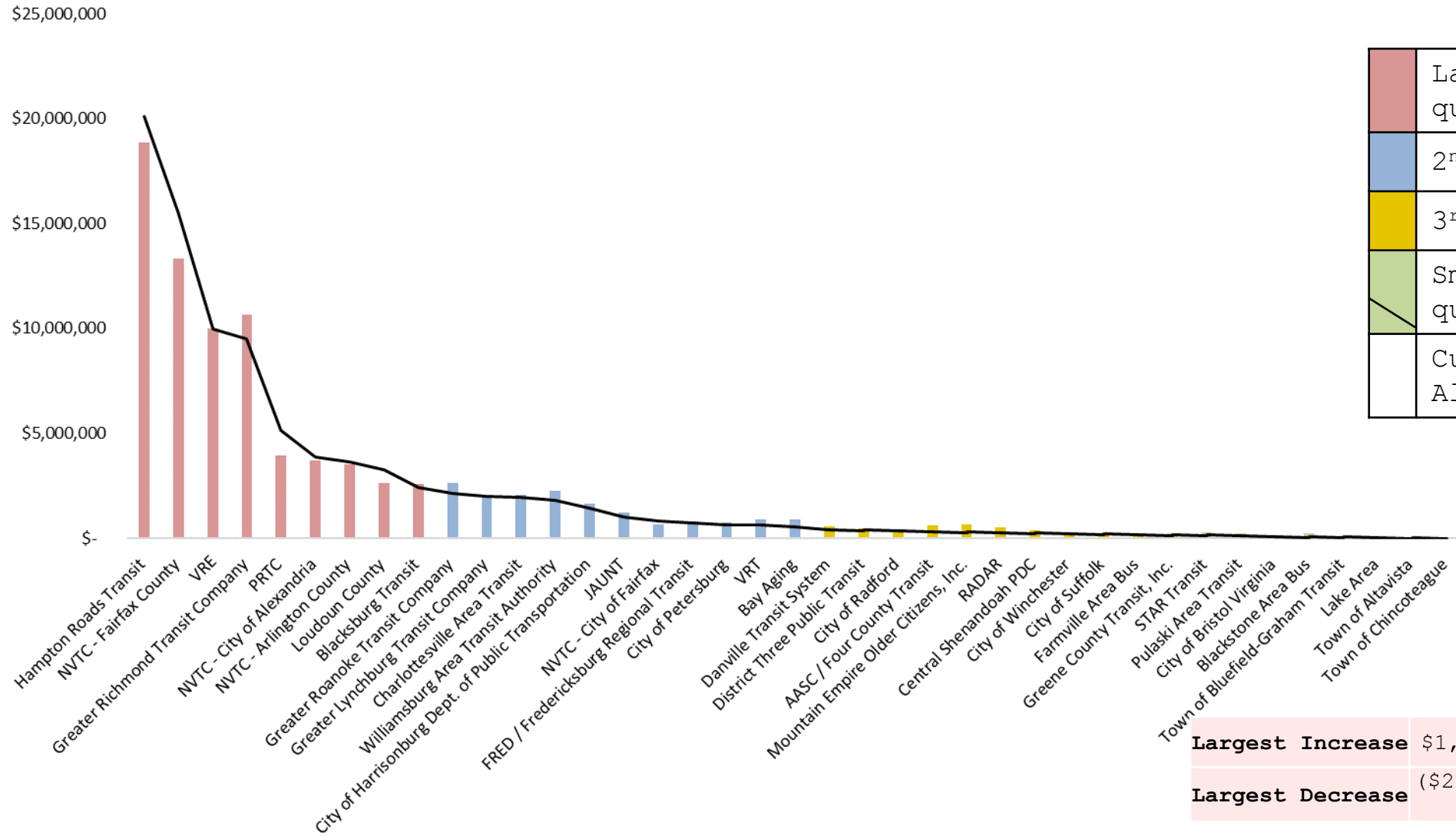
Pooling Scenario

33% Net Cost
33% Ridership
33% Rev Miles

Pooling Scenario – Separate Commuter Rail Pool

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19

4



Largest Increase	\$1,116,906	234%
Largest Decrease	(\$2,113,330)	(23%)



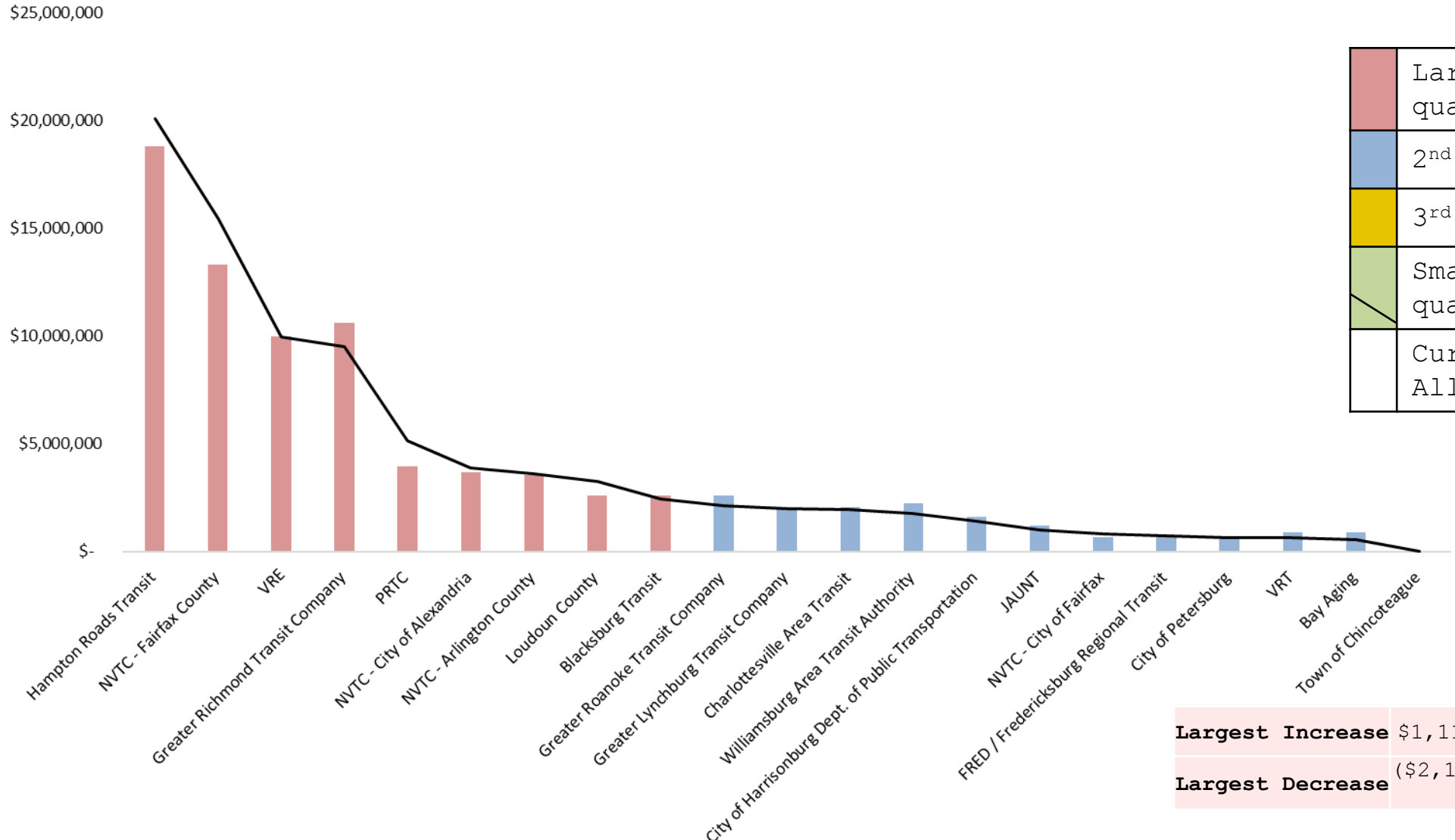
Pooling Scenario

33% Net Cost
33% Ridership
33% Rev Miles

Pooling Scenario – 1st and 2nd Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19

5



Red	Largest quartile
Blue	2 nd quartile
Yellow	3 rd quartile
Green	Smallest quartile
Black Line	Current Allocation

Largest Increase	\$1,116,906	234%
Largest Decrease	(\$2,113,330)	(23%)

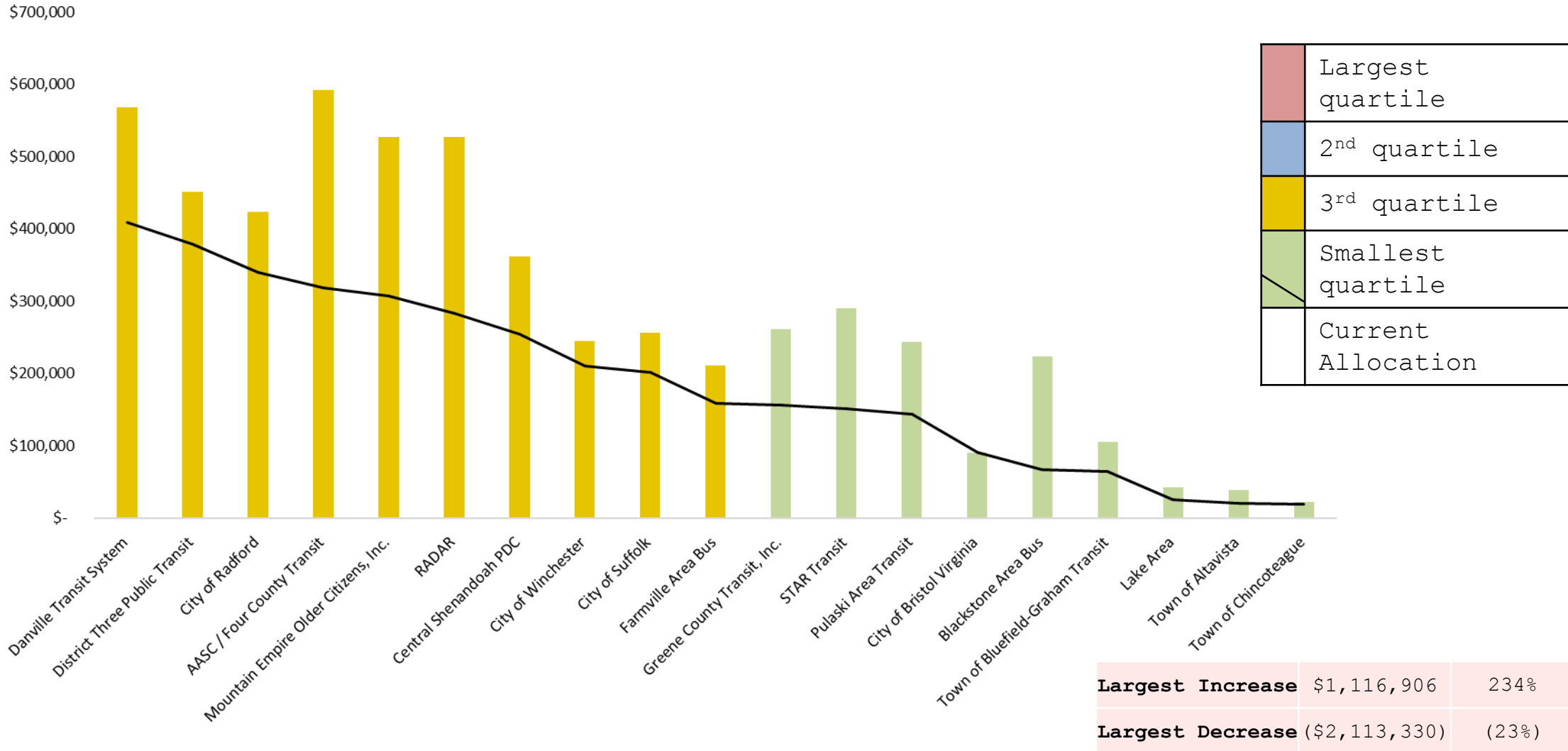


Pooling
Scenario
33% Net Cost
33%
Ridership
33% Rev
Miles

Pooling Scenario – 3rd and 4th Quartile Agencies

Line is Current Allocation Method for FY19

6

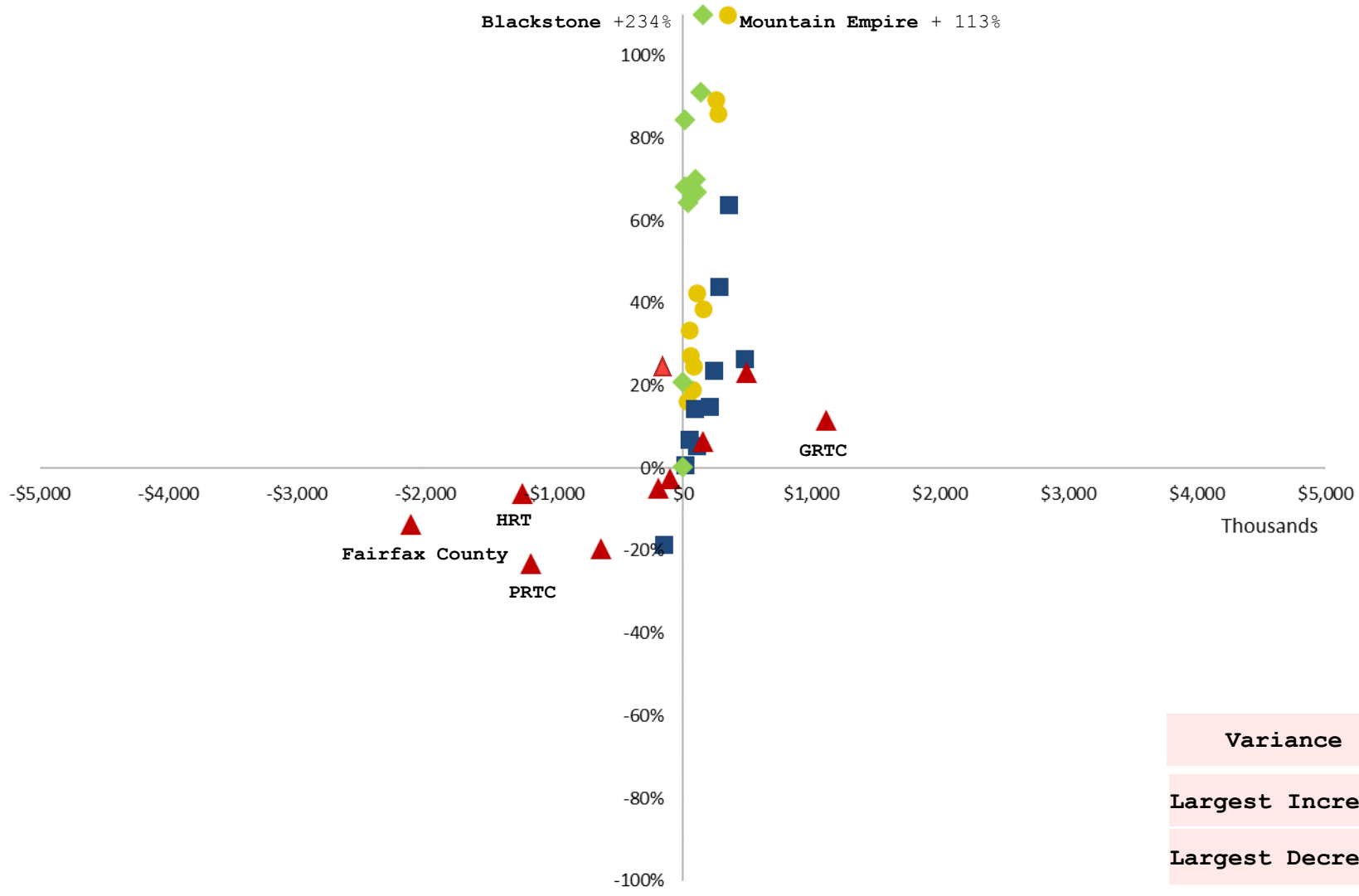


Pooling
Scenario
33% Net Cost
33%
Ridership
33% Rev
Miles

Pooling Scenario – All Agencies

No Change is at Zero on the Axes

7



	Largest quartile
	2 nd quartile
	3 rd quartile
	Smallest quartile

Variance	0.225	
Largest Increase	\$1,116,906	234%
Largest Decrease	(\$2,113,330)	(23%)

